

programmes: re-examining claims of effector independence in timing. In: M. Jeannerod (eds.), *Attention and*

Performance XIII Motor representation and control (pp. 294TM320). Hillsdale: Erlbaum, USA.



E.Γ.B.E.
1954

THE EFFECT OF AUTONOMY SUPPORT IN PHYSICAL EDUCATION ON LEISURE MOTIVATION AND INTENTION TO PARTICIPATE IN OUTSCHOOL PHYSICAL ACTIVITIES.

¹SEMOGLOU K., ²ZIKOYLI A., ³YPSILANTI A. & ³GROUIOS G.

¹FACULTY OF EDUCATION IN FLORINA, UNIVERSITY OF WESTERN MACEDONIA

²DEPARTMENT OF PSYCHOLOGY, ARISTOTELIAN UNIVERSITY OF THESSALONIKI

³LABORATORY OF MOTOR CONTROL AND LEARNING OF THESSALONIKI EDUCATION, ARISTOTELIAN UNIVERSITY OF THESSALONIKI

Abstract Recent scientific findings indicate that individuals with ipsilateral eye-hand preference perform better on specific perceptuo-motor tasks compared to those with contralateral eye-hand preference. The present study investigates the effect of the pattern of eye-hand preference (ipsilateral vs. contralateral) on graphomotor performance in school-aged children. Twenty-four 7-year-old children were assigned to two groups: one with ipsilateral and one with contralateral eye-hand preference. Children were asked to copy a verbal and a non-verbal graphomotor task on the surface of a digitizer (A3 Wacom Intuos Digitizer). Data were analyzed using specific software (OASIS NICI, ver. 8.30) with which movement time (sec), mean velocity (cm/sec), mean pressure (gr) and fluency were assessed. Results indicated significant differences between the two groups only in the movement time of non-verbal items, with children with ipsilateral eye-hand preference performing better than those with contralateral eye-hand preference ($p < .05$). The results support the hypothesis that the increased performance of individuals with ipsilateral eye-hand preference is tied to specific graphomotor tasks. The present findings are discussed in relation to the effect of visual control on graphomotor performance.

Key words: Graphomotor performance, ipsilateral-contralateral.

Address for correspondence: Klio Semoglou, Faculty of Education in Florina, University of Western Macedonia, 53100, Florina, E- mail: ksemoglou@uowm.gr